



St. Mary's Convent Inter College, Prayagraj Second Unit Assessment –2024-25

Time : 1hr.

Class- 9

M.M. : 30

Physics

Name :

Roll No.

Date :

SECTION A [10]

- Q1.** Choose the correct answer from the options given below [5]
- Relative density of a substance is expressed by comparing the density of that substance with the density of:
a) air b) mercury c) water d) iron
 - Assertion (A) :** A loaded ship is submerged more while an unloaded ship is submerged less.
Reason (R) : A ship begins to be less submerged as it sails from sea water to river water.
a) Both A and R are true b) Both A and R are false
c) A is false but R is true d) A is true but R is false
 - A body weighed 'W' in air by a sensitive spring balance, will weigh in vacuum.
a) the same b) slightly more
c) slightly less d) zero
 - A body of weight 100 gf floats in a liquid. Its apparent weight will be
a) Zero b) 100 gf
c) Less than 100 gf d) More than 100 gf
 - The atmospheric pressure at earth surface is P_1 and inside mine is P_2 . They are related as:
a) $P_1 = P_2$ b) $P_1 < P_2$
c) $P_1 > P_2$ d) $P_2 = 0$
- Q2.**
- Write an expression for the pressure at a point inside a liquid. Explain the meaning of the symbols used. [1]
 - (a) Define one pascal (Pa), the S.I. unit of pressure.
(b) How is the unit bar related to the S.I. unit pascal ? [2]
 - A piece of stone of mass 113 g sinks to the bottom in water contained in a measuring cylinder and water level in cylinder rises from 30 ml to 40 ml. Calculate R.D. of stone. [2]

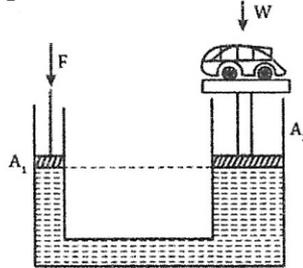
SECTION B [20]

- Q3**
- What do the following indicate in a barometer regarding weather:
a) Gradual fall in the mercury level
b) Sudden rise in the mercury level
c) Gradual rise in the mercury level

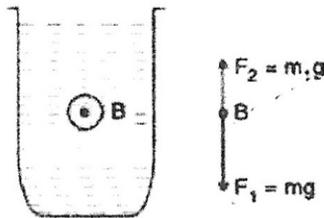
[P.T.O.]

2. a) An egg sinks in fresh water, but floats in a strong salt solution. Why?
 b) In a hydraulic jack as shown, mass of the car is 800 kg, $A_1=10 \text{ cm}^2$, $A_2=10 \text{ m}^2$. Calculate the minimum force F required to lift the car.
 [Take $g=10 \text{ m/s}^2$]

[3]



3. A small stone of mass $m(=200\text{g})$ is held under water in a jar and is allowed to fall as shown in figure. The forces acting on stone are also shown.



- (i) What does F_2 represent ?
 (ii) What does m_1 represent?
 (iii) Calculate the net force acting on stone.

Neglect the force due to viscosity. Assume that the volume of stone $=80\text{cm}^3$, density of water $=1.0\text{gcm}^{-3}$ and $g=10\text{ms}^{-2}$.

[4]

- Q4. a) Write three advantages of using mercury in a barometer. [3]
 b) A body weighs 450gf in air and 310gf in water.
 Find: (density of water $= 1\text{gm/cm}^3$) [3]
 i) The upthrust on the body
 ii) The volume of the body
 iii) Relative density of the body
 c) Write the laws of liquid pressure. [4]

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